

Title:

Application of HovaCAL Technology for Calibration of FTIR and other Multicomponent IR analyzers

Authors:

Edul Chikhliwala, Robert Peters and Ronald Baker – EcoChem Analytics

Martin Schmaeh, IAS GmbH

Abstract:

The HovaCAL technology has been used to generate hot-wet gas mixtures of various reactive compounds NH₃, HCl, HF, HBr etc. These gas mixtures can be used to calibrate FTIR and other multicomponent analyzers. In addition, different water vapor compositions generated by the Hovacal can be used to formulate water interference curves and even less significant cross-interferences of other gases (NO, CO, SO₂, CO₂) required by the analyzers to achieve desired performance. Finally, the accurate gas-mixing capabilities of the HovaCAL enable the user to create diluted gas matrices of various compositions using one or more span gas cylinder.

In this paper we will illustrate the above described capabilities and how these activities are crucial in the initial setup and routine maintenance of FTIR and other multicomponent IR analyzer applications.

Application of HovaCAL Technology for Calibration of FTIR and other Multicomponent IR analyzers

E. D. Chikhliwala, R. Baker and R. Peters, EcoChem Analytics

M. Schmäh, IAS GmbH

EUEC 2009 – Session A5.4

Phoenix, AZ

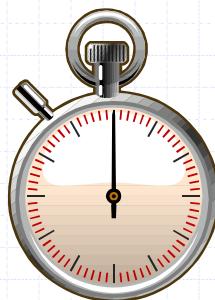
Tuesday, 3rd February 2009

1

Presentation Outline

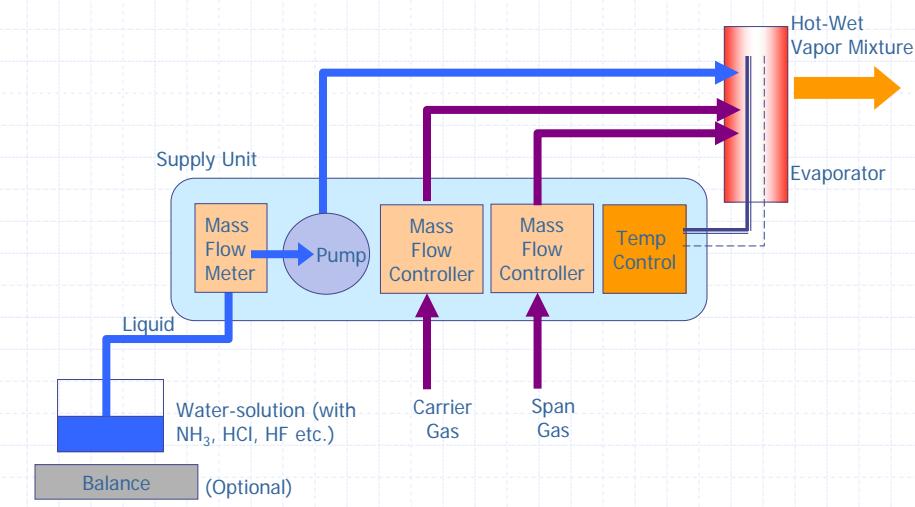
- ◆ Technology
 - How it works
 - Instrument configuration

- ◆ Application
 - Water reference
 - Cross-interference
 - Reactive vapor calibration



2

HovaCAL – Flow Schematic



3

Typical Configuration



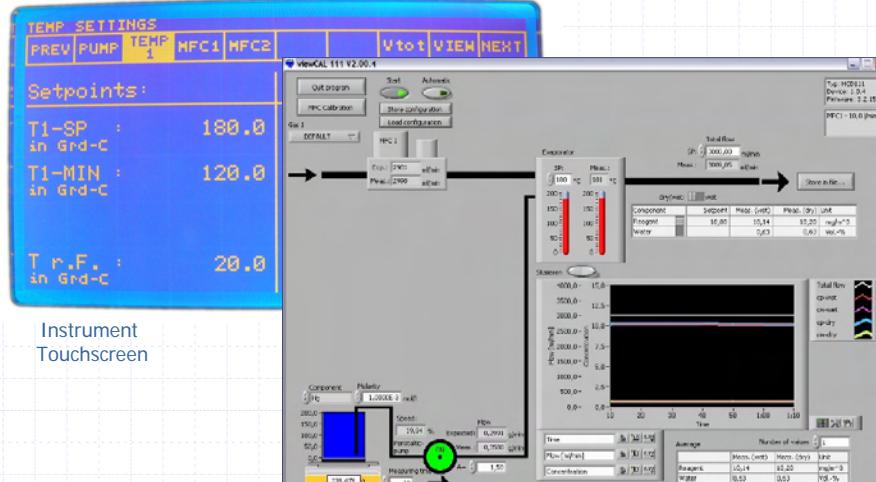
4

Typical Operating Values

- ◆ Evaporator temperature: 180 to 200 °C
- ◆ Liquid concentrations: Dependent on compound
- ◆ Liquid flow rate: 0.1 to 3 ml/min (Peristaltic Pump)
5 to 250 µl/min (Syringe Pump)
- ◆ Carrier gas flow: 3 to 25 lit/min
- ◆ Span gas flow: 0.1 to 10 lit/min (other possible)

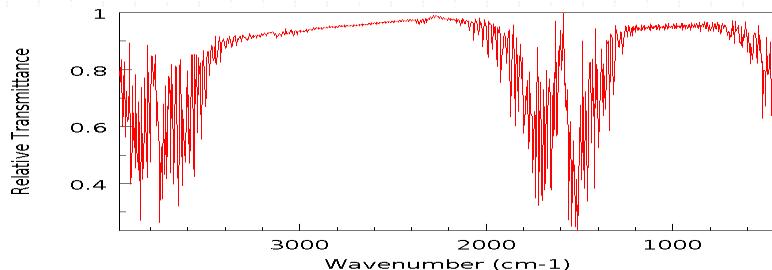
5

Control Software



6

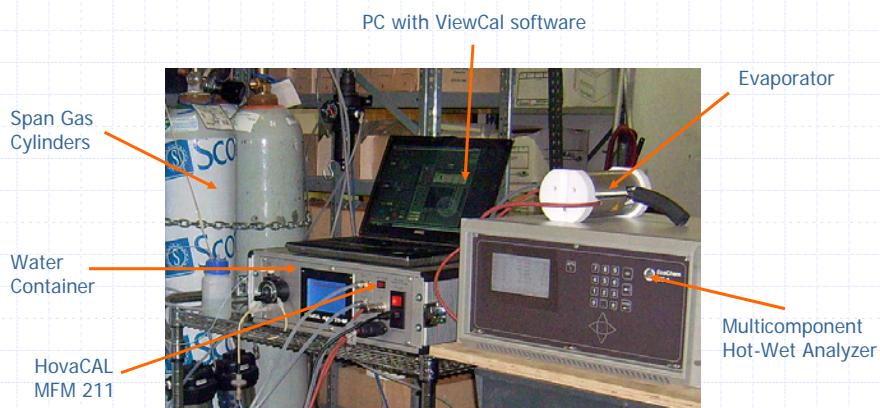
Importance of Water Calibration



- ◆ Water has absorption lines across IR spectrum
- ◆ Water signal is typically significantly stronger than the target compounds
- ◆ A good instrument-specific water calibration greatly helps produce accurate readings
- ◆ Instrument's response to water vapor is done initially and after major maintenance

7

Hot-Wet Multicomponent Analyzer Calibration



8

Calibration Procedure

- ◆ Calibration of Hot-Wet Multicomponent MC3 analyzer measuring NO, NO₂, N₂O, NH₃, H₂O, CO₂ and O₂
- ◆ Obtain absorbance vs concentration data for linearity and cross-interference tables
- ◆ For NDIR instruments, single/dual wavelength measurements, while for FTIR entire absorbance spectrum is obtained for a particular concentration level

9

HovaCAL Input File (H₂O)

	A	B	C	D	E	F
1	time	Vtot	cw/cp	c2		
2	300	4	0	0.00E+00		
3	300	4	0.01	0.00E+00		
4	300	4	0.02	0.00E+00		
5	300	4	0.03	0.00E+00		
6	300	4	0.04	0.00E+00		
7	300	4	0	0.00E+00		
8						
9						

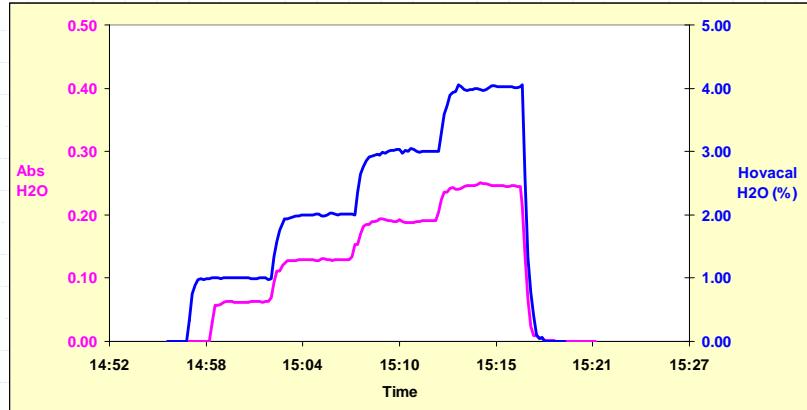
10

HovaCAL Output File

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O
1	Date	Time	molarity/molmass	pump flow	Vtot	cp-wet	cw-wet	c1-wet	c2-wet	cp-dry	cw-dry	c1-dry	c2-dry	cp unit	cw unit
76	16.01.2009	15:03:30	1.00E-12	6.43E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.00E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
77	16.01.2009	15:03:40	1.00E-12	6.44E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.01E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
78	16.01.2009	15:03:49	1.00E-12	6.44E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.01E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
79	16.01.2009	15:03:59	1.00E-12	6.38E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	1.99E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.03E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
80	16.01.2009	15:04:09	1.00E-12	6.31E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	1.99E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.03E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
81	16.01.2009	15:04:19	1.00E-12	6.41E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.02E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.03E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
82	16.01.2009	15:04:30	1.00E-12	6.48E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.02E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.06E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
83	16.01.2009	15:04:40	1.00E-12	6.48E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.02E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.06E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
84	16.01.2009	15:04:50	1.00E-12	6.45E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.01E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
85	16.01.2009	15:04:59	1.00E-12	6.42E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.00E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.04E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
86	16.01.2009	15:05:10	1.00E-12	6.44E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.01E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
87	16.01.2009	15:05:19	1.00E-12	6.43E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.01E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
88	16.01.2009	15:05:29	1.00E-12	6.43E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.01E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
89	16.01.2009	15:05:39	1.00E-12	6.45E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.01E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
90	16.01.2009	15:05:49	1.00E-12	6.43E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.01E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
91	16.01.2009	15:05:59	1.00E-12	6.42E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.00E+00	9.80E-04	0.00E+00	2.04E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
92	16.01.2009	15:06:09	1.00E-12	7.59E-02	4.00E+03	0.00E+00	2.36E+00	9.76E-04	0.00E+00	2.42E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
93	16.01.2009	15:06:19	1.00E-12	8.51E-02	4.00E+03	0.00E+00	2.66E+00	9.74E-04	0.00E+00	2.72E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
94	16.01.2009	15:06:29	1.00E-12	8.86E-02	4.00E+03	0.00E+00	2.76E+00	9.72E-04	0.00E+00	2.83E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
95	16.01.2009	15:06:39	1.00E-12	9.17E-02	4.00E+03	0.00E+00	2.85E+00	9.71E-04	0.00E+00	2.94E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
96	16.01.2009	15:06:49	1.00E-12	9.36E-02	4.00E+03	0.00E+00	2.91E+00	9.71E-04	0.00E+00	3.00E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
97	16.01.2009	15:06:59	1.00E-12	9.40E-02	4.00E+03	0.00E+00	2.92E+00	9.71E-04	0.00E+00	3.02E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
98	16.01.2009	15:07:10	1.00E-12	9.47E-02	4.00E+03	0.00E+00	2.95E+00	9.71E-04	0.00E+00	3.04E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
99	16.01.2009	15:07:19	1.00E-12	9.52E-02	4.00E+03	0.00E+00	2.98E+00	9.70E-04	0.00E+00	3.05E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
100	16.01.2009	15:07:29	1.00E-12	9.47E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.95E+00	9.70E-04	0.00E+00	3.04E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
101	16.01.2009	15:07:39	1.00E-12	9.59E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.98E+00	9.70E-04	0.00E+00	3.08E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
102	16.01.2009	15:07:49	1.00E-12	9.56E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	2.98E+00	9.70E-04	0.00E+00	3.07E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	
103	16.01.2009	15:07:59	1.00E-12	9.65E-02	3.99E+03	0.00E+00	3.01E+00	9.70E-04	0.00E+00	3.10E+00	0.00E-03	0.00E+00	Vol.-%	Vol.-%	

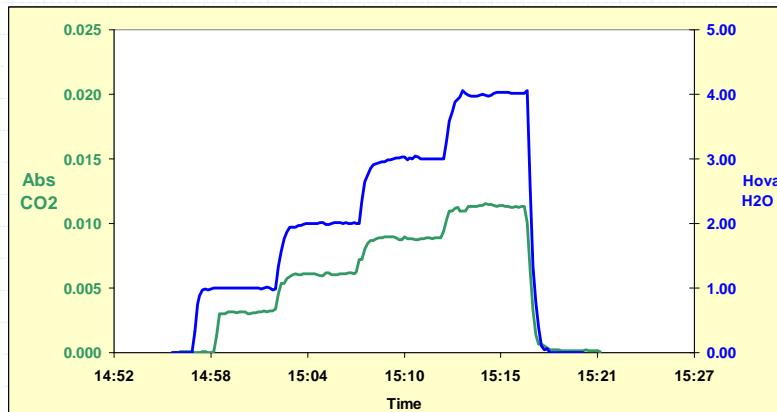
11

Calibration – H₂O



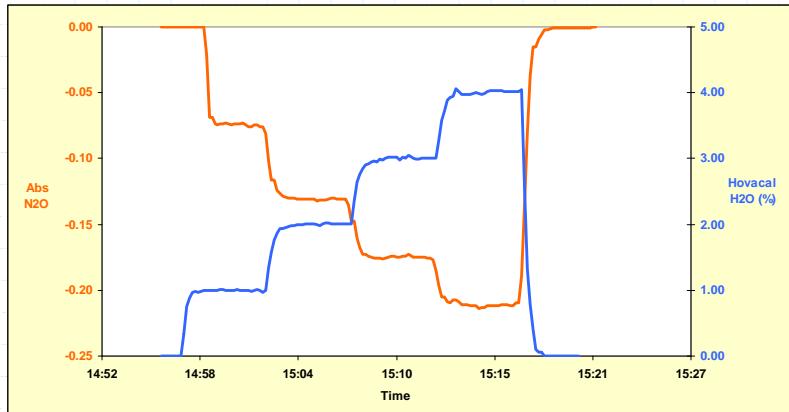
12

Cross Interference H₂O – CO₂



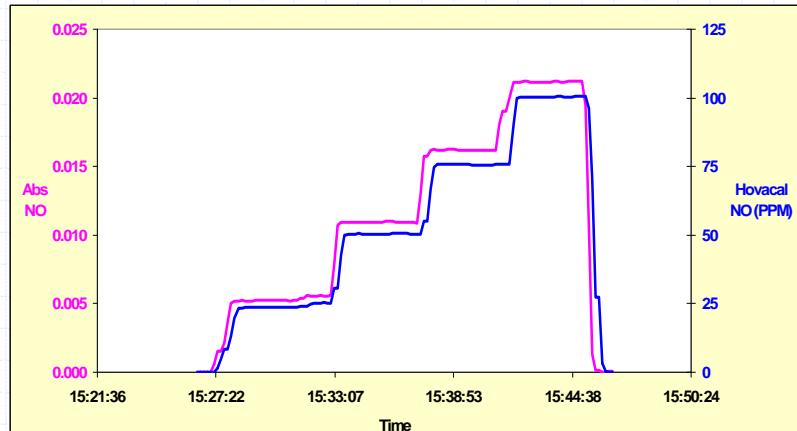
13

Cross Interference H₂O & N₂O



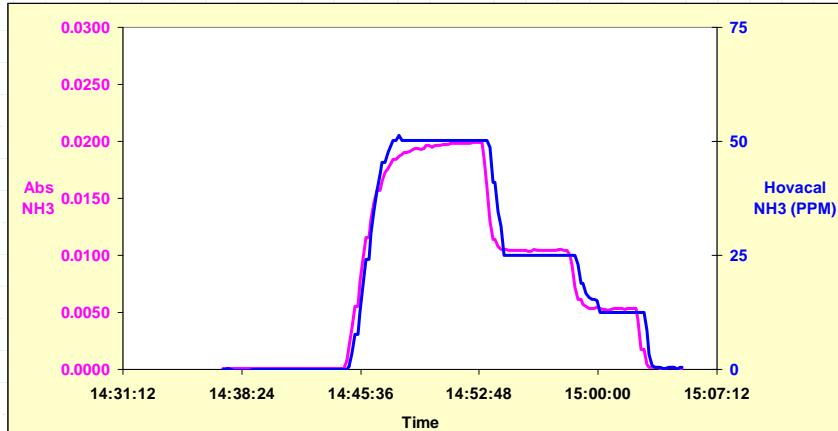
14

Gas Mixing – NO Calibration



15

Reactive Vapor – NH₃ Calibration



16

Evaluation -- H₂O Linearity

TÜV Report 2007 for
H₂O, HCl, NH₃, HF and Mercury

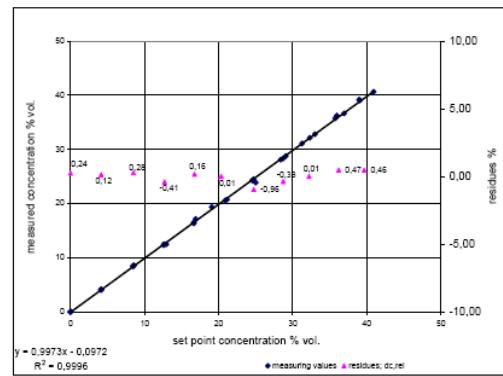
TÜV IMMISSIONSSCHUTZ
UND ENERGIESYSTEME GMBH
Akkreditiertes Prüfinstitut



DAP-PL-3856.99

Bericht über die die Prüfung der
Leistungseigenschaften
und der Einsatzbereiche des Prüfgasgenerators
HovaCAL digital 211 MF

TÜV-Bericht Nr.: 936/21205306 A
Köln. 15. März 2007



17

Evaluation -- NH₃ Linearity

TÜV Report 2007 for
H₂O, HCl, NH₃, HF and Mercury

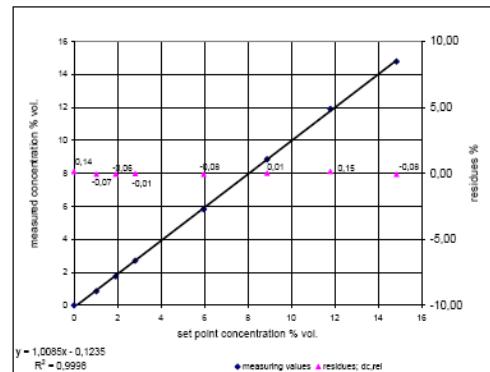
TÜV IMMISSIONSSCHUTZ
UND ENERGIESYSTEME GMBH
Akkreditiertes Prüfinstitut



DAP-PL-3856.99

Bericht über die die Prüfung der
Leistungseigenschaften
und der Einsatzbereiche des Prüfgasgenerators
HovaCAL digital 211 MF

TÜV-Bericht Nr.: 936/21205306 A
Köln. 15. März 2007



18

HovaCAL Applications Summary

- ◆ New analyzers – create linearity and cross-interference curves
- ◆ Field maintenance activities on a routine basis (semi-annual, annual)
 - Check the calibration of water channel and interference curves with HovaCAL
 - Span gas checks for NH₃, HCl, HF etc
- ◆ Repair of analyzer in factory and field – sample cell rebuild, source replacement, optical bench repairs require re-calibration with HovaCAL
- ◆ Eliminate or minimize use of calibration gas cylinders
- ◆ Compact & flexible – delivered concentrations can be optimized at point of use

19

Questions & Answers ?

**For more information...
Visit Exhibit Booth 515**



 **EcoChem**
www.ecochem.biz

20

Application of HovaCAL Technology for Calibrating FTIR and Other Multicomponent IR Analyzers

By Edul Chikhliwala, Robert Peters, Ronald Baker & Martin Schmaeh

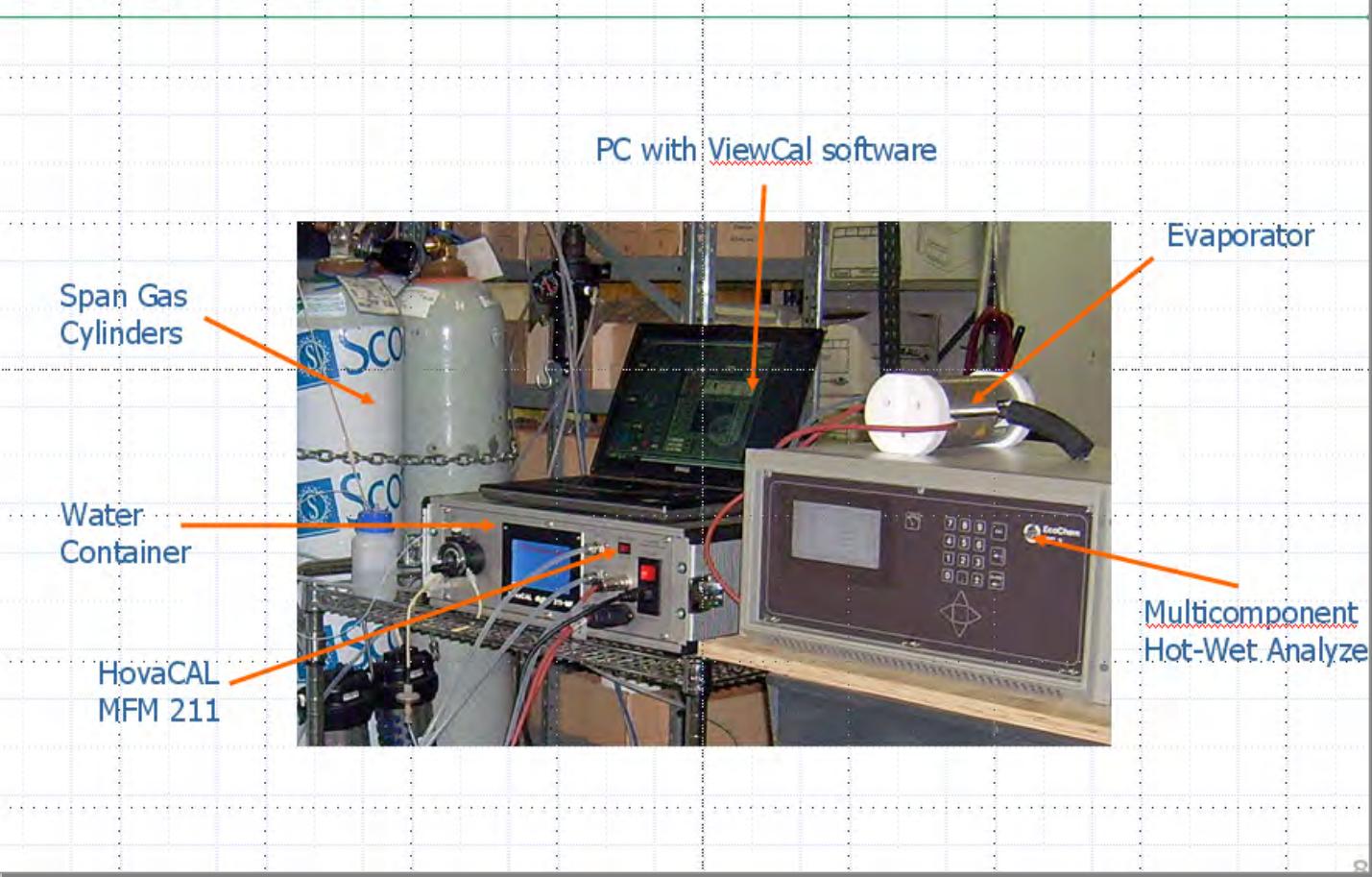
Abstract:

The HovaCAL technology has been used to generate hot-wet gas mixtures of various reactive compounds NH₃, HCl, HF, HBr etc. These gas mixtures can be used to calibrate FTIR and other multicomponent analyzers. In addition, different water vapor compositions generated by the Hovacal can be used to generate water interference curves required by the analyzers. Finally, the gas-mixing capabilities of the HovaCAL enable the user to create diluted gas mixtures of various compositions using one or more span gas cylinder. In this paper we will illustrate the above described capabilities and how these activities are crucial in the initial setup and routine maintenance of these analyzer applications.

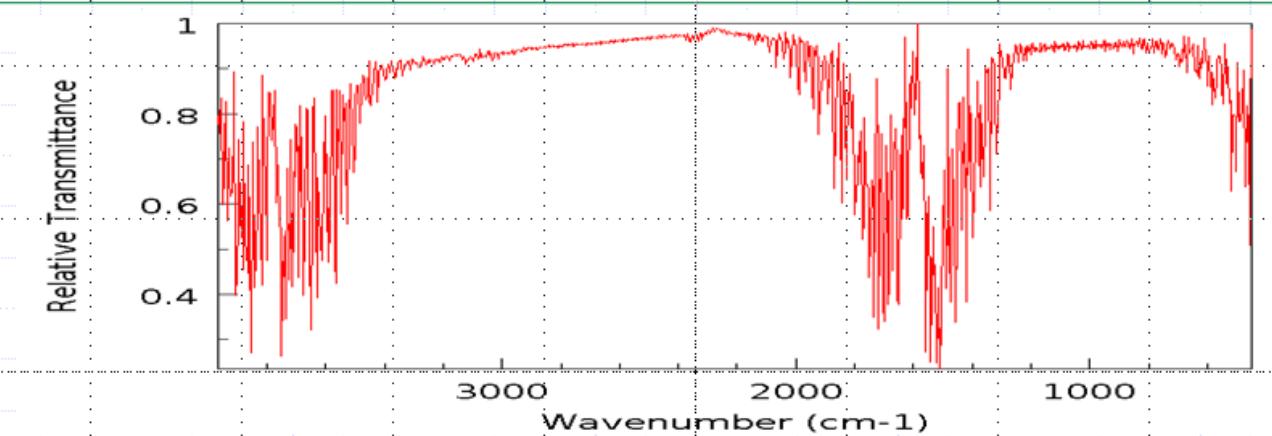
HovaCAL Applications Summary

- ◆ New analyzers – create linearity and cross-interference curves
- ◆ Field maintenance activities on a routine basis (semi-annual, annual)
 - Check the calibration of water channel and interference curves with HovaCAL
- Span gas checks for NH₃, HCl, HF etc
- ◆ Repair of analyzer in factory and field – sample cell rebuild, source replacement, optical bench repairs require re-calibration with HovaCAL
- ◆ Eliminate or minimize use of calibration gas cylinders
- ◆ Compact & flexible – delivered concentrations can be optimized at point of use

Hot-Wet Multicomponent Analyzer Calibration

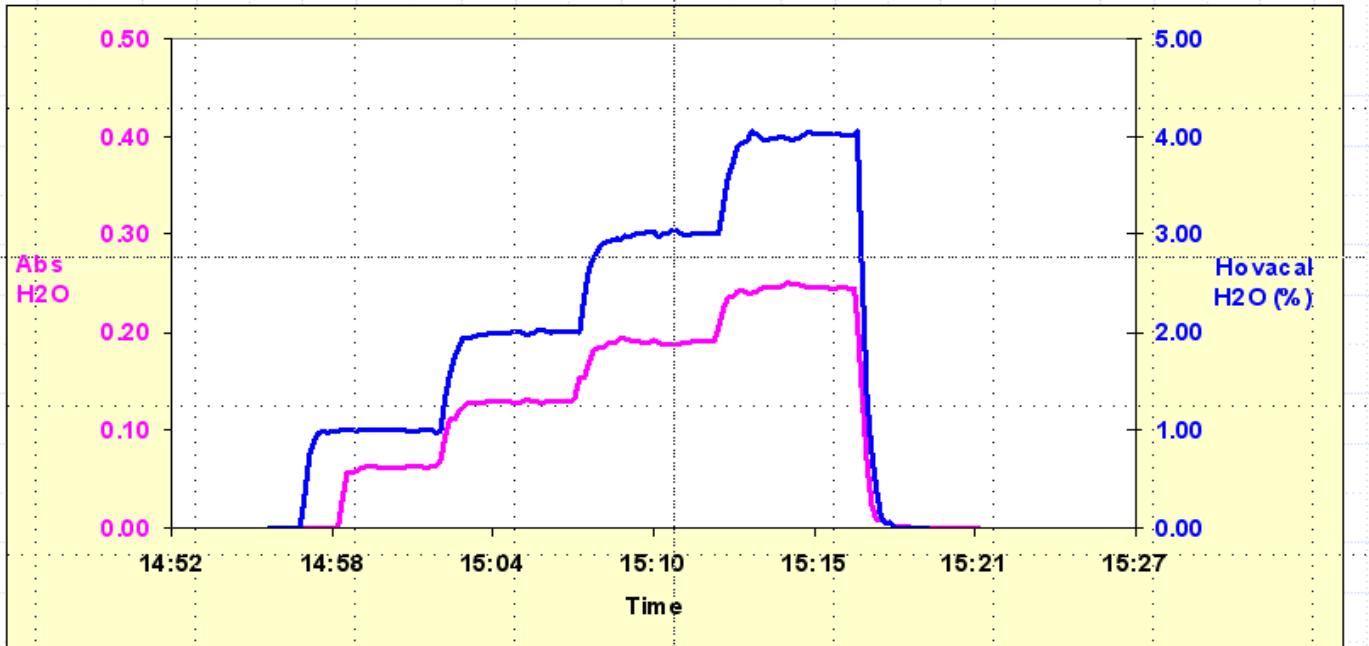


Importance of Water Calibration

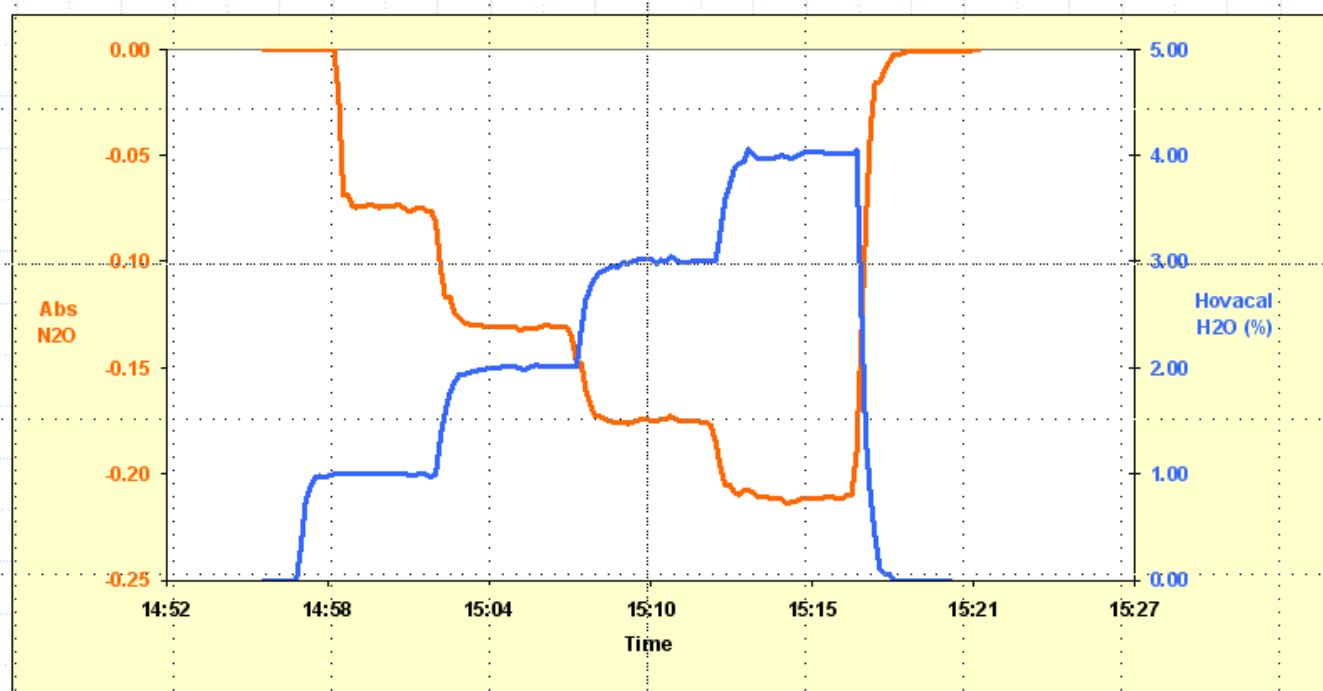


- ◆ Water has absorption lines across IR spectrum
- ◆ Water signal is typically significantly stronger than the target compounds
- ◆ A good instrument-specific water calibration greatly helps produce accurate readings
- ◆ Instrument's response to water vapor is done initially and after major maintenance

Calibration – H₂O



Cross Interference H₂O & N₂O



Reactive Vapor – NH₃ Calibration

